Jens Klimek

Cherry Blossoms

verses from old Japan for mixed choir a cappella



The following texts originate from a collection of 100 specimens of Japanese *Tanka* poetry collected in the 13th Century C.E., with some of the poems dating back to the 7th Centry translated by William N. Porter. *Tanka* is a 31 syllable format in the pattern 5-7-5-7-7. Most of these poems were written about the time of the Norman Conquest and display a sophistication that western literature would not achieve for a long time thereafter. These little gems are on themes such as nature, the round of the seasons, the impermanence of life, and the vicissitudes of love. There are obvious Buddhist and Shinto influences throughout. Porter's notes put the poems into a cultural and historical context. Each poem is illustrated in this edition with an 18th century Japanese woodcut by an anonymous illustrator.

UKON UKON

Wasuraruru MY broken heart I don't lament,

Mi woba omowazu To destiny I bow;

Chikahite-shi But thou hast broken solemn oaths,—

Hito no inochi no I pray the Gods may now Oshiku mo aru kana. Absolve thee from thy vow.

The Lady Ukon is supposed to have been deserted by her husband, and in this poem she regrets, not so much her own sorrow, as the fact that he has broken his sworn oath, and is therefore in danger of divine vengeance. The illustration shows her all alone at the gate, with the house in the background, evidently waiting for the husband who has forsaken her.

SUTOKU IN THE RETIRED EMPEROR SUTOKU

Se wo hayami
Iwa ni sekaruru
And both with might and main
Taki-gawa no
Go tumbling down the waterfall;
Warete mo sue ni
Awan to zo omou.
Will soon unite again.

The town of Kamakura, where is the great bronze image of Buddha Amida, was built by this Emperor, who reigned A.D. 1124-1141; he was then forced by his father, the ex-Emperor Toba, to abdicate in favour of his brother, the Emperor Konoye; afterwards he entered the church, and died in the year 1164, an exile in the Province of Sanuki. This verse is intended to suggest the parting of two lovers, who will eventually meet again.

DŌ-IN HOSHI THE PRIEST DŌ-IN

Omoi-wabi HOW sad and gloomy is the world,

Satemo inochi wa This world of sin and woe!

Aru mono wo Ah! while I drift along Life's stream,

Uki ni taenu wa **Tossed helpless to and fro,** Namida nari keri. **My tears will ever flow.**

The Priest Dō-in was a member of the Fujiwara family. The date of this verse is not known, but it was probably written in the twelfth century. The illustration shows the priest alone in his hut, lamenting over the sorrows of humanity.

GON CHŪ-NAGON THE ASSISTANT IMPERIAL MASAFUSA ADVISER MASAFUSA

Takasago no THE cherry trees are blossoming

Once no zakura On Takasago's height;

Saki ni keri
Toyama no kasumi
Tatazu mo aranan.

Oh may no mountain mist arise,
No clouds so soft and white,
To hide them from our sight.

This poet was the son of Chika-nari Ooi, and died in the year 1112. Takasago is on the sea-coast in the Province of Harima, and is also mentioned in another verse.

Masafusa with his attendant appears in the illustration admiring the cherry trees on the mountains, over which, however, the clouds are already beginning to gather.

ŌYE NO CHISATO CHISATO ŌYE

Tsuki mireba THIS night the cheerless autumn moon

Chiji ni mono koso

Kanashi kere

Doth all my mind enthrall;
But others also have their griefs,

Waga mi hitotsu no

Aki ni wa aranedo.

For autumn on us all

Hath cast her gloomy pall.

Chisato Ōye is said to have lived about the end of the ninth century; he was the son of a Councillor, and a very fertile poet. He was also famous as a philosopher, and acted as tutor to the Emperor Sei-wa, who reigned A.D. 859-876.

source: www.sacred-texts.com

The titles refer to the authors of the specific poem.

UKON UKON duration: 2'

THE RETIRED EMPEROR SUTOKU $SUTOKU\ IN$ $duration:\ 2'$

THE PRIEST DŌ-IN *DŌ-IN HOSHI* duration: 4'

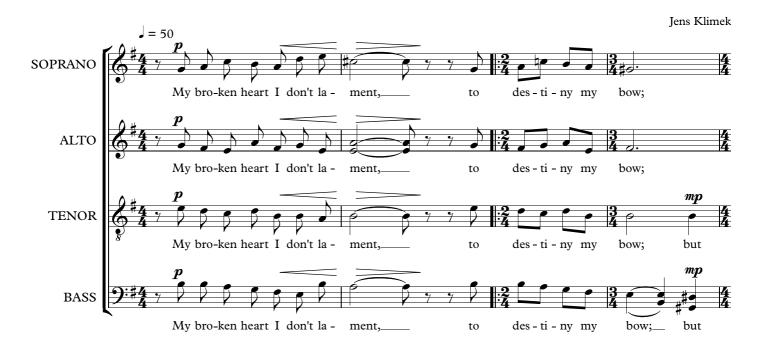
THE ASSISTANT IMPERIAL ADVISER MASAFUSA $GON\ CH\bar{U}\text{-}NAGON\ MASAFUSA$ duration: 2'

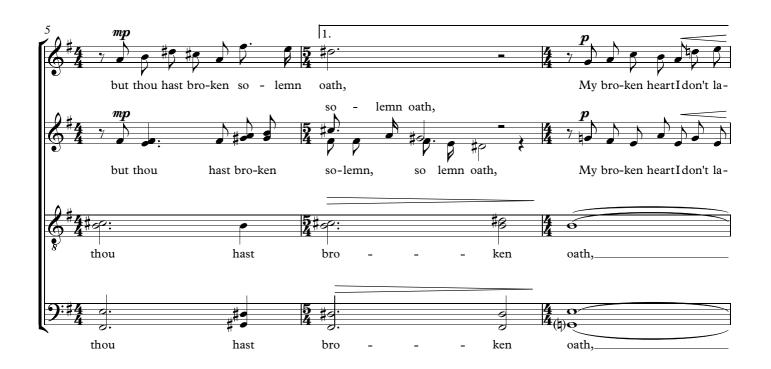
CHISATO ŌYE ŌYE NO CHISATO duration: 2½'

Cherry Blossoms

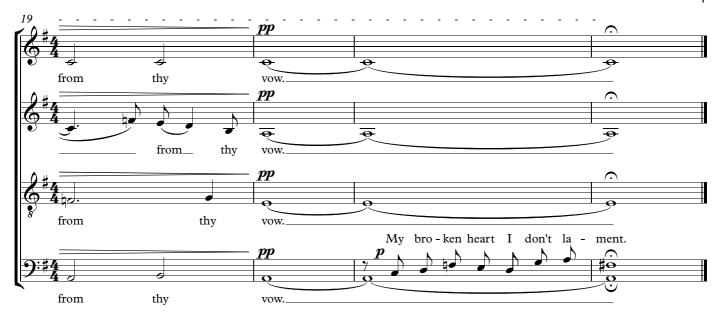
verses from old Japan for mixed choir a cappella

UKON *UKON*











THE RETIRED EMPEROR SUTOKU SUTOKU IN

SOPRANO

ALTO

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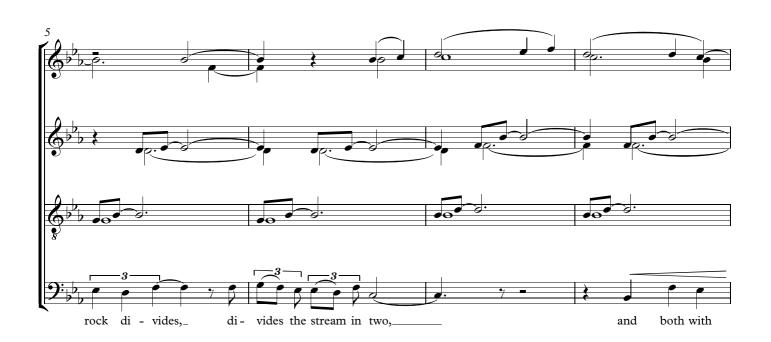
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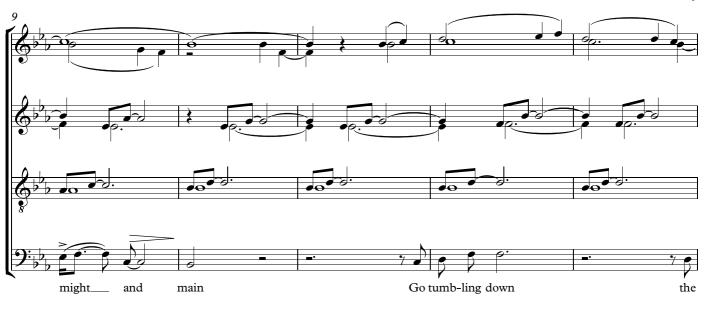
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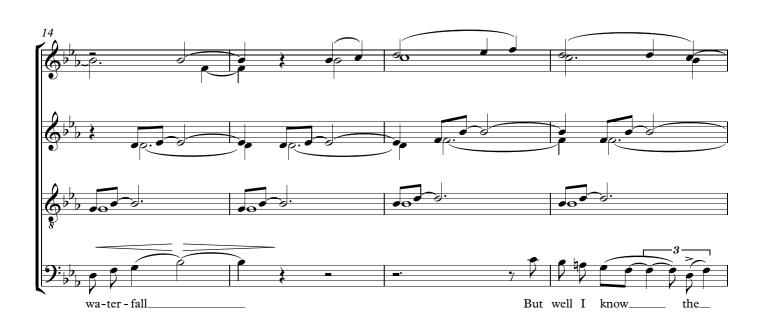
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The rock

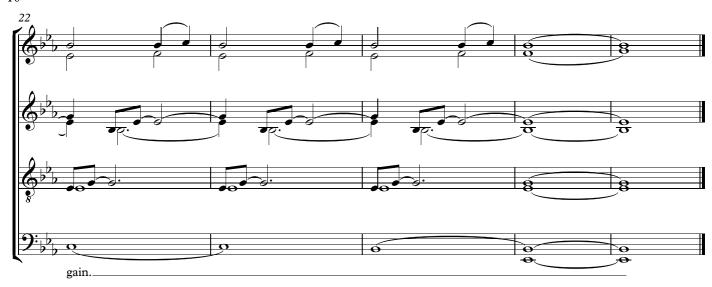
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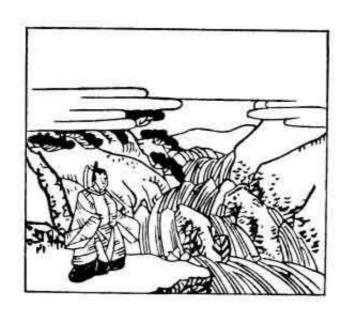






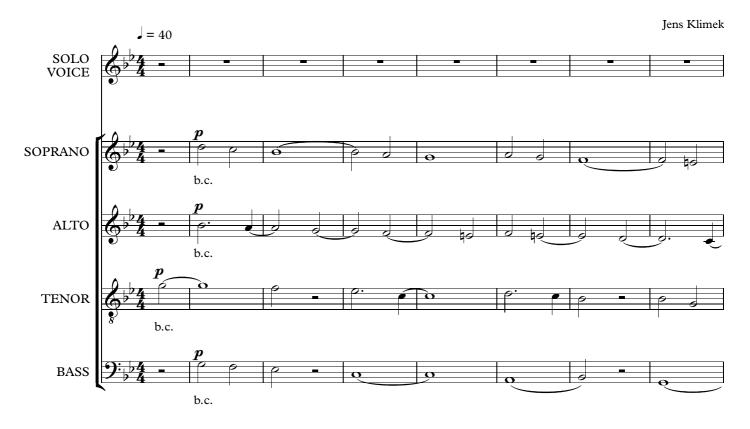


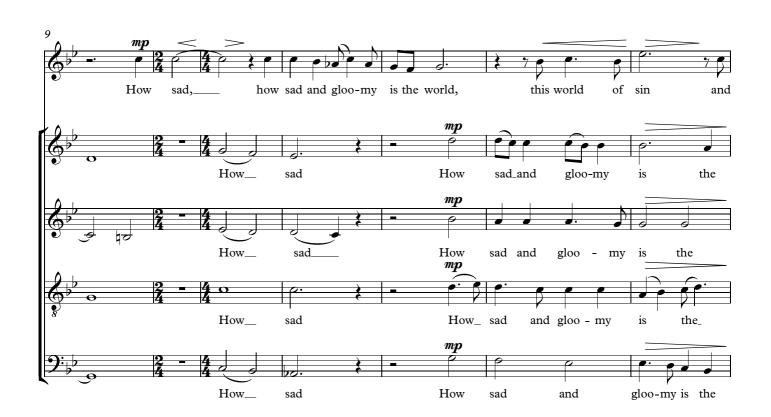


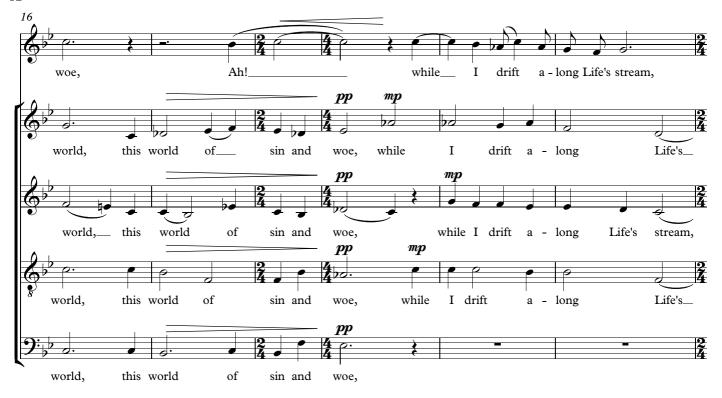


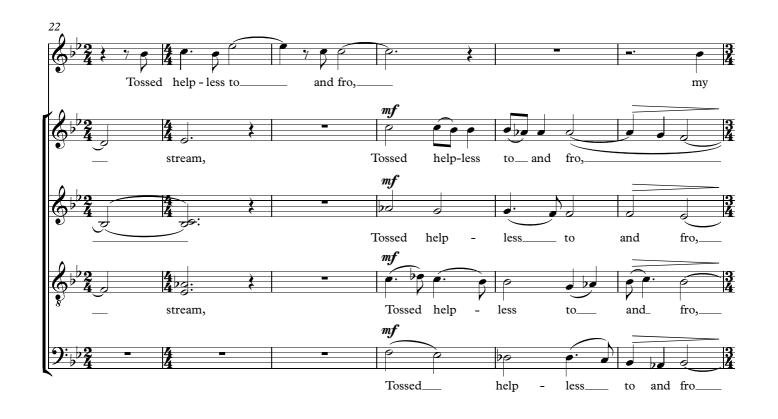
THE PRIEST DŌ-IN

DŌ-IN HOSHI





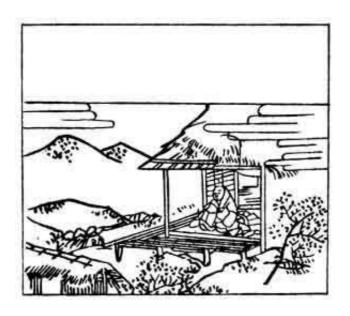








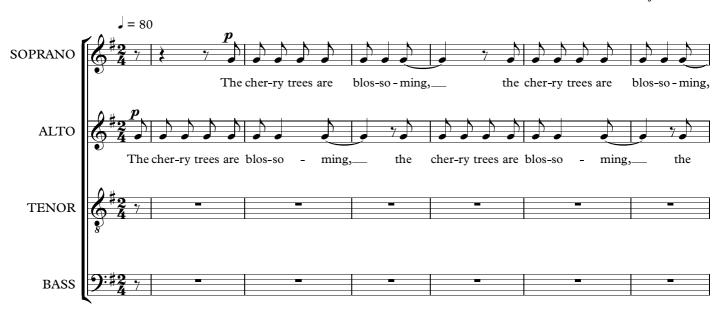


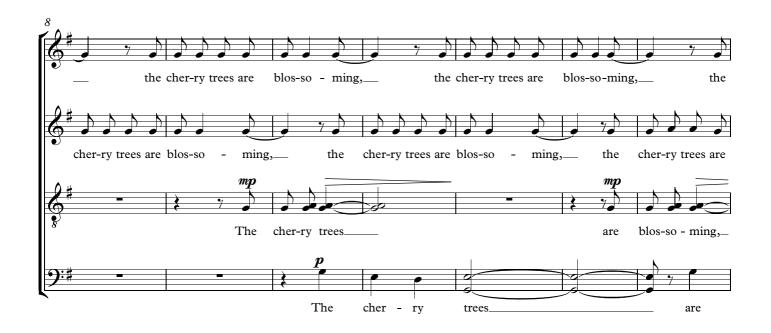


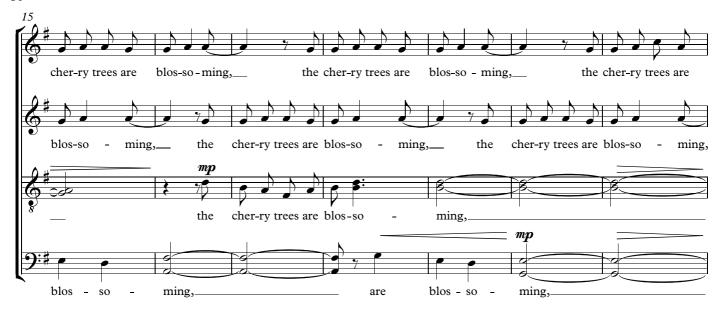
THE ASSISTANT IMPERIAL ADVISER MASAFUSA

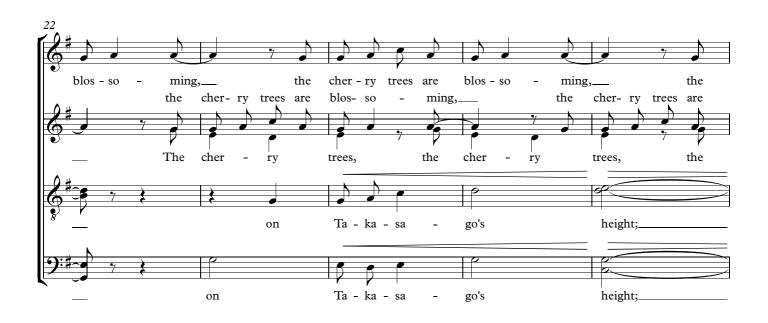
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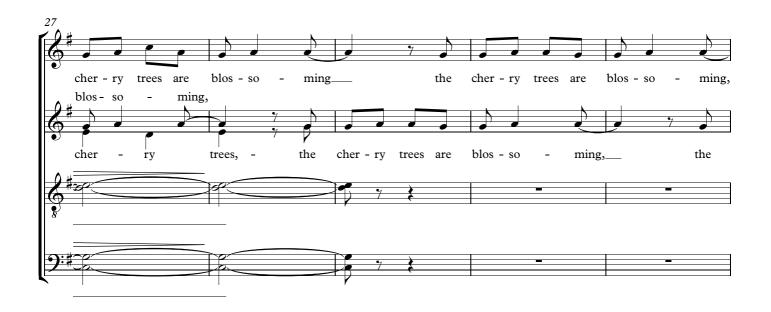
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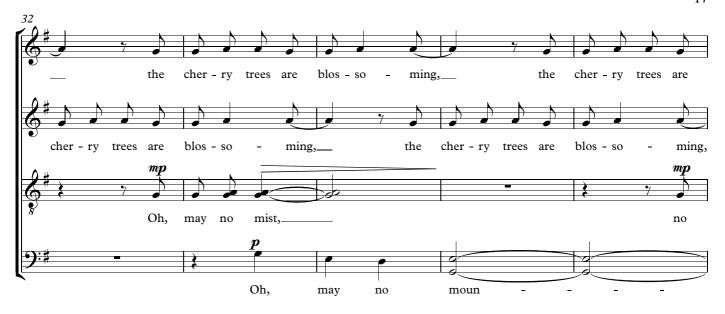


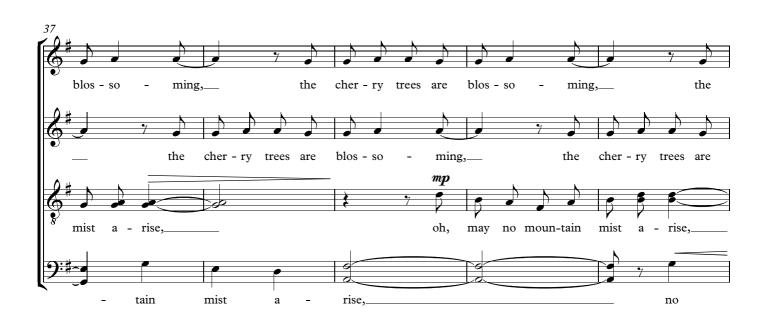


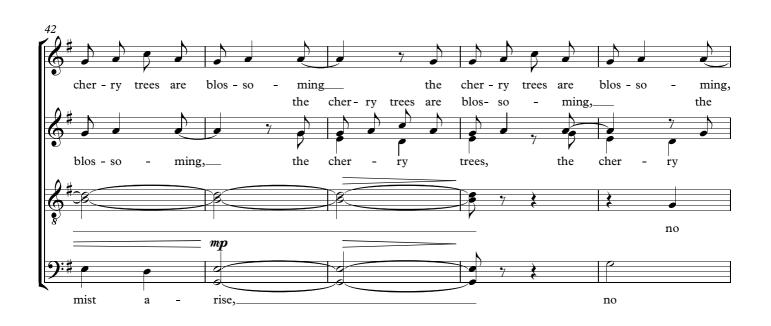


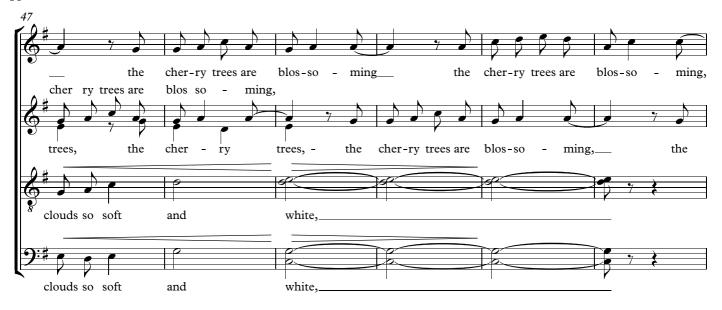


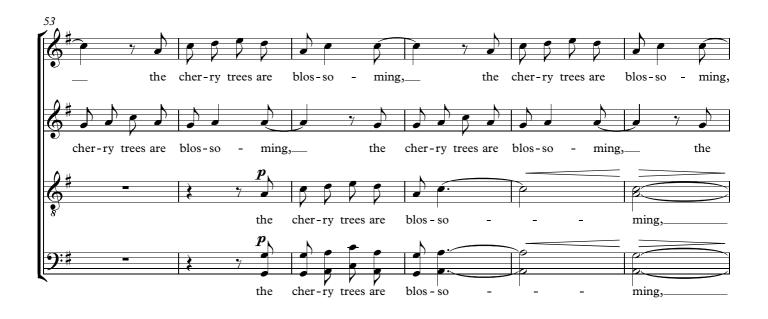


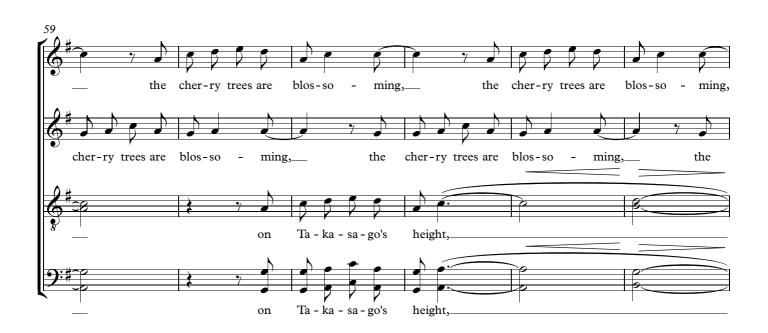


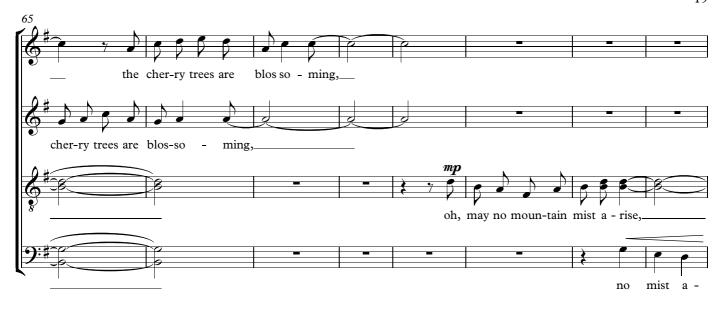


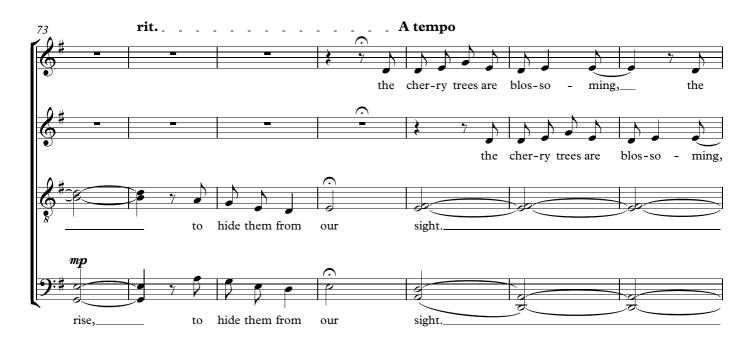


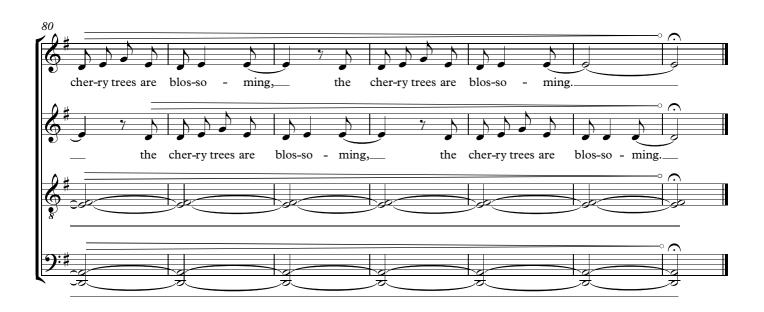














CHISATO ŌYE ŌYE NO CHISATO

